

准考證號碼      

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2.試題卷右上角填上准考證號碼，請依題號順序在「答案卷」作答，考完後請將「試題」及「答案卷」一併繳回。

第一部分：單一選擇題 30%

1. 下列「」內各字讀音皆正確的選項是：

甲、「逡」巡：ㄘㄨㄣ 乙、「擘」：ㄅㄞ 丙、「皸」裂：ㄍㄨㄣ 丁、參「差」：ㄘㄞ  
 戊、定「讞」：ㄛ 己、「僭」越：ㄍㄨㄣ 庚、「擗」節：ㄆㄞ 辛、「檄」文：ㄍㄨㄣ

(A)甲、乙、丙、丁 (B)丙、戊、庚、辛 (C)甲、丁、戊、己 (D)丁、己、庚、辛

2. 下列作品或為單篇傳奇，或為擬話本小說、或從章回小說中節選，請依其創作時代先後排列：

甲、〈白娘子永鎮雷峰塔〉 乙、〈劉老老〉 丙、〈明湖居聽書〉 丁、〈枕中記〉

(A)丁、甲、乙、丙 (B)丁、甲、丙、乙 (C)甲、丁、乙、丙 (D)甲、丁、丙、乙

3. 根據下列選項：甲、雞皮鶴髮 乙、弱冠之年 丙、黃口孺子 丁、弱笄之年，依年歲大小排列，正確者為

(A)丙、乙、丁、甲 (B)丙、丁、乙、甲 (C)甲、乙、丁、丙 (D)甲、丁、乙、丙

4. 下列「」中的詞語，何者屬於雙聲？(A)芳草鮮美，落英「繽紛」 (B)愁雲「黯淡」 萬里凝 (C)夢啼妝淚紅「闌干」 (D)北通巫峽，南極「瀟湘」

5. 下列選項有關成語典故出處與文人著作之組合正確的為：

甲、妄自菲薄—諸葛亮〈出師表〉 乙、日薄西山—李密〈陳情表〉 丙、狡兔三窟—孟嘗君《戰國策·齊策》 丁、郢書燕說—韓非《韓非子·外儲說》 戊、鍥而不舍—荀子〈天論〉 (A)甲、乙、丁 (B)甲、乙、丙 (C)甲、丙、戊 (D)乙、丙、戊

6. 中文句法裡詞性活用的情形屢見不鮮，例如《孟子》〈梁惠王〉：「『老』吾『老』以及人之老」，前一「老」字為動詞，後一「老」字作名詞用。下列選項「」中的字詞，在詞性用法上：前者為動詞，後者為名詞相同？(A)於是齊侯以晏子之「觴」而「觴」桓子 (B)「親」「親」而仁民，仁民而愛物 (C)「中」也養不「中」，「才」也養不「才」 (D)愛其子，擇「師」而教之，於其身也則恥「師」焉

7. 下列《詩經》之章句，何者非表達女子追求愛情直率、活潑之情狀？(A)標有梅，其實三兮。求我庶士，迨其今兮！（召南·標有梅） (B)彼狡童兮，不與我言兮！維子之故，使我不能餐兮！（鄭風·狡童） (C)隰桑有阿，其葉有沃。既見君子，云何不樂。（陳風·月出） (D)子惠思我，褰裳涉洧。子不我思，豈無他士。狂童之狂也且。（鄭風·褰裳）

8. 下列敘述何者正確？(A)想研究陶淵明的生平與作品，可考慮查閱《晉書》、《昭明文選》、《靖節先生集》等書 (B)想了解柳宗元的生平與作品，可考慮查閱《新唐書》、《全唐文》、《昭明文選》等書 (C)想閱讀屈原的作品，可考慮查閱《楚辭》、《戰國策》、《昭明文選》等書 (D)如欲書寫一篇李白的讀書報告，則可參閱《舊唐書》、《全唐文》、《昭明文選》等書

9. 下面一節現代詩，請依詩意選出排列順序最恰當的選項：

「當渡船解纜 風笛催客 只等你前來相送 看我漸漸地離岸

在荒荒的渡頭 看你漸漸地近岸

甲

在茫茫的渡頭 水闊，天長 對我揮手

乙

我會在對岸 苦苦守候 接你的下一班船

丙

水盡，天迴 對你招手」（余光中〈三生石〉「當渡船解纜」之一）

丁

(A)丁→甲→乙→丙

(B)乙→甲→丙→丁

(C)丁→丙→甲→乙

(D)乙→丙→甲→丁

10. 下列有關稱謂或題辭錯誤者為：(A)古人稱公婆為「舅姑」 (B)祝賀新屋落成適用「冠蓋盈門」 (C)祝賀醫院落成或診所開張適用「杏林之光」 (D)訃文上稱「先慈陳母張太夫人」，則往生者本姓張，夫家姓陳

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## 二、詞意組合題：24%

下文引摘錄自蔡珠兒〈自討苦吃〉的文句，依據文意在（）中填入參考選項最適合的答案代碼

參考選項：

A. 自討苦吃	B. 求甘	C. 可人	D. 臥薪嘗膽	E. 弔詭
F. 幽微隱約	G. 可厭	H. 歸零返本	I. 其甘如薺	J. 君子菜

總有人說，「人生不夠苦嗎，還吃什麼苦瓜？」正因與人生相比，苦瓜才顯得芳甘，那滋味是舌根深處最神祕的(1)，形而味上意在言外，經由後設徐徐鋪展開來。「誰謂茶苦？(2)」，古人很早就懂得了。

苦味(3)，好在若即若離(4)，不像酸甜辣鹹，先驗分明當下即是，無可回顧流眄。苦味是悖論與解構，夷平抹消殘局舊味，滌盡腔舌的困頓疲憊，讓味蕾(5)，東山再起煥然一新，領受初始真味。

但苦味也(6)，很多苦是白吃的，無甘可回，例如西藥和魚膽。而中文裡的苦味，更像弄破的魚膽般沾滿歷史，什麼良藥苦口、吃得苦中苦，動輒就要板起臉教訓人。

最可怖的是(7)，勾踐舔了十年苦膽，是個味盲和自虐狂，苦大仇深，還被推舉為道德典範。連苦瓜都有教誨，說它叫(8)，因與他物同烹，苦味並不滲染，「自苦而不以苦人，有君子之德焉。」哎呀，好累。

## 三、閱讀測驗：18%

## 1.閱讀下則神話，回答(1)～(2)題

洪水滔天，鯀竊帝之息壤以堙洪水，不待帝命。帝令祝融殺鯀於羽郊，鯀復生禹。帝乃命禹卒布土以定九州。(《山海經·海內經》)

(1)、本篇神話之類別 (A) 屬於創世英雄神話 (B) 災難神話 (C) 先民部落群雄逐鹿神話 (D) 天地起源神話

(2)、「鯀復生禹」象徵 (A) 人類對抗水災前仆後繼，父死子繼 (B) 原始部落父生子之奇蹟 (C) 面對洪水父子束手無策，相繼鞠躬盡瘁 (D) 人類對抗水災僅能聽天由命

## 2.閱讀下面詩歌，回答(3)～(6)題

我居北海君南海，寄雁傳書謝不能。桃李春風一杯酒，江湖夜雨十年燈。

持家但有四立壁，治病不蕪三折肱。想見讀書頭已白，隔溪猿哭瘴煙藤。(黃庭堅·〈寄黃幾復〉)

(3)、本詩主旨乃 (A) 是一首自傷多病之作 (B) 邂逅睽違已久好友之作 (C) 感慨與兄長南北分離，自傷長年漂泊的悲哀 (D) 因睽隔遙遠，久無音信，問候朋友之作

(4)、「我居北海君南海，寄雁傳書謝不能」意謂 (A) 二人一居北海，一處南海，彼此風馬牛不相及 (B) 兩地乖隔，欲借雁鳥傳書而遭拒 (C) 二人南北分離，相隔遙遠，魚雁不通 (D) 彼此咫尺天涯，卻無緣相見

(5)、所謂「持家但有四立壁，治病不蕪三折肱。」是因 (A) 自憐多病故人疏 (B) 自傷己之貧賤亦復憐友人多病 (C) 盛讚友人安貧樂道，具有治理百姓之才幹 (D) 盛讚友人因多病而醫術高明

(6)、本詩領聯與尾聯所使用之寫作技巧為 (A) 前者為假想，後者為設問 (B) 前者為映襯對比，後者為假想 (C) 前者為誇飾，後者為映襯對比 (D) 兩者皆為假想之詞

## 四、閱讀寫作：28%

閱讀下面詩句，回答問題並寫作

宋澤萊〈若是到恆春〉

若是到恆春	著愛落雨的時陣	單霧的山崙	親像姑娘的溫存
若是到恆春	愛揀黃昏的時陣	你看海墘的晚雲	半天通紅像抹粉
若是到恆春	著愛好天的時陣	出帆的海船	有時駛遠有時近
若是到恆春	嚙免揀時陣	陳達的歌若唱起	一時消阮的心悶

# 元培科技大學

## 101 學年第 2 學期四技二年級日間部暨進修部轉學入學考試

### 國文 試題

第 3 頁 / 共 3 頁

准考證號碼

**注 意 事 項** 1.本考試禁止使用電子計算機。

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1.你曾經去過恆春嗎？宋澤萊〈若是到恆春〉抉擇當地特色的人、事、物作為書寫的主體，令外來者嚮往。仿此構思，試舉自己居住地具代表性的人、事、物介紹，撰寫一則至少 80 字的短文。(人、事、物不拘，但至少 2 則) 8%

提示：文章可以全然抒情，也可以運用知識而寫得充滿知性，或是兼具知性與感性。

2.如果外地的同學到訪，請設計一天的導覽行程，令他對你的家鄉留下深刻的印象。

提示：

① 一日行程表定點必須包括行程安排用意，或是具備私房景點、溫暖好味道、小人物身影等等，足以呈現個人的生活面貌、家人情感或成長故事；而非一般旅遊手冊之熱門景點，亦可輔以圖示說明各行程定點之地理方位。

② 計分方式：一日行程駐足點至少3個，每個定點說明至少40字／15%、具創意暨文辭流暢／5%

# 元培科技大學

## 101 學年度第 2 學期日間部暨進修部轉學入學考試

### 四技二年級 國文 試題標準答案紙

#### 第一部分：單一選擇題

題號	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
解答	C	A	C	D	A	B	C	A	D	B

#### 二、詞意組合題

題號	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
解答	E	I	C	F	H	G	D	J

#### 三、閱讀測驗

題號	1	2	3	4	5	6
解答	B	A	D	C	C	B

#### 四、閱讀寫作

請接續下一頁。

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## 一、詞彙 (30%)

說明：第 1 至 15 題，每題選出最適當的一個選項。

1. For public health, he (she) is supposed to wear a \_\_\_\_\_ in public places when he (she) gets the flu.  
(A) landmark (B) motel (C) mask (D) desk
2. It is dangerous to drive and watch videos at the same time. Many car accidents are caused by \_\_\_\_\_ driving.  
(A) district (B) distracted (C) diligent (D) depart
3. Because of economic \_\_\_\_\_, some people are laid off and lose the job.  
(A) download (B) poster (C) downturn (D) advertisement
4. Mr. Wu becomes a famous \_\_\_\_\_ as our first lady wears the clothes designed by him.  
(A) designer (B) container (C) actor (D) dancer
5. Today, a mobile phone can be \_\_\_\_\_ with the work of sending e-mails, surfing the Internet and even taking pictures.  
(A) nuclear (B) embarrassed (C) anxious (D) multi-functional
6. Many people like to use a PDA (personal digital assistant) to \_\_\_\_\_ their schedules.  
(A) survive (B) paint (C) behave (D) organize
7. The price increase in oil brings a direct \_\_\_\_\_ on daily expense of citizens.  
(A) impact (B) package (C) improper (D) imitation
8. It is found that on TV there are some improper \_\_\_\_\_, relating to violence or drug abuse.  
(A) preposition (B) trash (C) programs (D) souvenirs
9. As a language \_\_\_\_\_, Professor Lin is invited to the university to make a speech, telling students how to master a language.  
(A) exit (B) expert (C) cooker (D) plumber
10. Droughts and Floods may \_\_\_\_\_ global food security and many people will suffer from hunger.  
(A) produce (B) present (C) task (D) threaten
11. According to study, some people suffer from \_\_\_\_\_ which is associated with many factors and feel meaningless in life.  
(A) impression (B) depression (C) association (D) information
12. According to research, air pollution brings a great \_\_\_\_\_ effect on health. Air pollution should be avoided.  
(A) negative (B) positive (C) talkative (D) optimistic
13. To reduce air pollution, many people choose public \_\_\_\_\_ instead of driving cars in the work days.  
(A) conversation (B) prevention (C) transportation (D) communication
14. Last week, Mary \_\_\_\_\_ a trip a month later to Hong Kong for the coming Chinese New Year holiday.  
(A) booked (B) notebook (C) pen (D) translated
15. The new English learning software is available in the library and students can use it after school to \_\_\_\_\_ their English.  
(A) impossible (B) publish (C) perish (D) improve

## 二、文法 (40%)

說明：第 16 至 35 題，每題選出最適當的一個選項。

16. On Christmas, people like to \_\_\_\_\_ decorations to create a warm atmosphere for Christmas.  
(A) get lost (B) put off (C) put away (D) put up
17. Many flights are delayed by the bad weather. When the weather gets better, our plane can \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) take off (B) take care of (C) in favor of (D) cut off
18. I usually get up at six o'clock and after breakfast I \_\_\_\_\_ work at seven.  
(A) leave off (B) get off (C) leave for (D) what for
19. John was asked to \_\_\_\_\_ the cigarette as he was in the non-smoking area of the restaurant.

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- (A) put on (B) put out (C) get on (D) listen to
20. John likes to use the electronic translator to \_\_\_\_\_ new words at school.  
(A) look up (B) cheer up (C) tear up (D) give up
21. Good health care and treatment \_\_\_\_\_ the increase of life expectancy and people can live longer and be in good health.  
(A) according to (B) result in (C) take place (D) throw away
22. \_\_\_\_\_ different cultures, people around the world celebrate the New Year in many different ways.  
(A) Looking after (B) Cleaning up (C) Blowing up (D) Owing to
23. As many people admire modern technology, the latest Apple iPad Mini becomes one of the best-selling products when \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) people holiday gifts choose (B) holiday gifts choose people (C) people choose holiday gifts  
(D) choose holiday gifts people
24. With the popularity of online shopping, more and more people like to \_\_\_\_\_ things through the Internet.  
(A) buy (B) buys (C) buying (D) bought
25. As prevention is better than care, a health living style \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) should be promoting (B) should promoting (C) should promoted (D) should be promoted
26. Mary finished the math test very soon because she was \_\_\_\_\_ calculating.  
(A) look at (B) good at (C) show up (D) dress up
27. Many people like scuba diving because it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) excite (B) excited (C) exciting (D) excites
28. Jimmy is my best \_\_\_\_\_ and we do many things together at school.  
(A) friends (B) friend (C) friendly (D) friendship
29. Jimmy is funny and he sometimes \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to make us laugh happily.  
(A) speaks to (B) to say (C) talking (D) tells
30. The lady \_\_\_\_\_ dress is pink is my English teacher.  
(A) whose (B) who (C) whom (D) to whom
31. In the party, I need a camera for \_\_\_\_\_ pictures.  
(A) take (B) takes (C) taking (D) took
32. You \_\_\_\_\_ so much about the test. What you have to do now is to study hard for the test.  
(A) shouldn't worries (B) shouldn't worry (C) shouldn't worried (D) shouldn't worrying
33. Your ghost story is \_\_\_\_\_ my ghost story.  
(A) more interested than (B) some interested in (C) interesting than (D) more interesting than
34. As the book is popular all over the world, \_\_\_\_\_ many different languages.  
(A) it translated is into (B) is it translated into (C) it is translated into (D) into translated it is
35. John didn't pass the test last week, so he \_\_\_\_\_ take it again next week.  
(A) has to (B) have to (C) was to (D) being to

## 三、閱讀 (30%)

說明：第 36 至 50 題，每題選出最適當的一個選項。

Alice is my best friend. She is a 36 high school student. She has big eyes and 37 a smile on her face all the time. She is kind and polite 38 others. No matter what happens, she is considerate and 39. Also she is a good student who 40 well on tests. Her favorite subject is English and sometimes we study English together.

36. (A) 16-years-old (B) 16-year-old (C) 16 years-old (D) 16 year old

37. (A) wear (B) wearing (C) wore (D) wears

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38. (A) to (B) of (C) in (D) for  
 39. (A) help (B) was help (C) helpful (D) is help  
 40. (A) perform (B) performing (C) to performed (D) performs

A trend 41 in universities and even in high schools these days is that more and more students would like to join the group of volunteers. As a volunteer, the student is supposed to offer his service to those who 42 help, such as people in orphanages and nursing homes. From the service, students learn what people want and what they can do for 43. Only when the insufficiency is found and experienced by students, can students learn more and learn hard. In addition, from the service, students learn to appreciate. Students cherish what they have 44 and appreciate what they have gotten. This experience somewhat changes their attitude toward life. Also students benefit 45 this volunteer experience. Therefore, more students should be encouraged to join volunteer work.

41. (A) find (B) to found (C) finds (D) found  
 42. (A) need (B) needs (C) needing (D) was need  
 43. (A) they (B) their (C) them (D) theirs  
 44. (A) own (B) owned (C) owns (D) owning  
 45. (A) from (B) of (C) to (D) to from

More and more students get nearsighted at a very young age. For the nearsighted students, wearing glasses becomes essential in life, causing inconvenience in some aspects in daily life.

The cause of this eye problem can be partially associated with these following factors. First, under the pressure of various tests at school, many students go to cram schools to continue their study after school. However, this long use of eyes hurts eyes and results in poor vision gradually. Second, many students like to play games or watch videos on mobile phones. As the screen is small, staring at the small screen for a long time can cause decrease in vision day after day.

Therefore, to keep good vision and avoid damage of eyes, proper rest is important and necessary. After fifty minutes of hard work or study, ten minutes of rest is required. Moreover, to play games on a computer is better than to play games on a mobile phone as the computer screen is bigger than that of a mobile phone.

Students should keep in mind that when the vision is lost, it never comes back. Eyes should be highly cherished and properly protected.

46. How many factors are analyzed as causes of getting nearsighted?  
 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4  
 47. When a student is nearsighted, what should he wear to see things clearly?  
 (A) raincoat (B) costume (C) helmet (D) glasses  
 48. Why is a mobile phone not good for a student to play games by it?  
 (A) There are too many games. (B) The screen is too small.  
 (C) The games are complicated. (D) The student is not familiar with the phone.  
 49. In which paragraph does the writer suggest the ways to protect eyes?  
 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4  
 50. What does the phrase “keep in mind” mean?  
 (A) remember (B) forget (C) steal (D) develop

# 元培科技大學

## 101 學年度第 2 學期日間部暨進修部轉學入學考試

### 四技二年級 英文 試題標準答案紙

題號	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
解答	C	B	C	A	D	D	A	C	B	D
題號	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
解答	B	A	C	A	D	D	A	C	B	A
題號	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
解答	B	D	C	A	D	B	C	B	D	A
題號	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
解答	C	B	D	C	A	B	D	A	C	D
題號	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
解答	D	A	C	B	A	B	D	B	C	A