

准考證號碼      

<b>注意事項</b>	試題卷右上角填上准考證號碼，請依題號順序在「答案卷」作答，考完後請將「試題」及「答案卷」一併繳回。
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## 一、詞彙與慣用語 (40%)

說明：第 1 至 20 題，每題選出最適當的一個選項，標示在答案卡。

1. The teacher \_\_\_\_\_ the boy to another school.  
(A)preferred (B)differed (C)suffered (D)transferred
2. The religious woman \_\_\_\_\_ that her injured son would recover.  
(A)prevented (B)prayed (C)pried (D)prepared
3. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a person below the age at which he or she is fully responsible in law for his or her actions.  
(A)miner (B)mineral (C)major (D)minor
4. She won't \_\_\_\_\_ her faults.  
(A)ledge (B)accredit (C)knowledge (D)acknowledge
5. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ is the story of a person's life, written by himself.  
(A)biography (B)autobiography  
(C)auditorium (D)awkward
6. Poetry is more effective for oral delivery and more easily \_\_\_\_\_ in the memory.  
(A)contained (B)attained (C)retained (D)obtained
7. I \_\_\_\_\_ politely when he asked me to dance.  
(A)declined (B)fainted (C)giggled (D)vomited
8. Ladies and gentlemen, it is my \_\_\_\_\_ to speak to you all on this special occasion.  
(A)company (B)dignity (C)privilege (D)eloquence
9. The territorial dispute can be \_\_\_\_\_ back to the year 1917, when the two countries were at war.  
(A)held (B)recalled (C)traced (D)switched
10. The key to success is to have a definite goal first and then do your best to \_\_\_\_\_ the goal.  
(A)attain (B)contest (C)encounter (D)struggle
11. After dinner, Richard offered to pay the bill, but May insisted that they do it \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A)generously (B)separately (C)completely (D)extensively
12. The house was said to have been \_\_\_\_\_; that is, they said that a ghost occupied the house.  
(A)deserted (B)furnished (C)haunted (D)auctioned
13. There are a few \_\_\_\_\_ statements in the first paragraph of this article.  
(A)concluding (B)accessory (C)introductory (D)insulted
14. If you study your lesson \_\_\_\_\_, you'll understand it better.  
(A)partially (B)recklessly (C)artificially (D)thoroughly
15. To \_\_\_\_\_ a page is to read it quickly or carelessly.  
(A)skim (B)omit (C)ignore (D)inspect
16. I had quite a hassling day. The hard work really burned me out. I hope no visitors will \_\_\_\_\_ me tonight.  
(A)run into (B)see through (C)let no to (D)drop in on
17. People who often lift heavy objects may \_\_\_\_\_ in a hospital.  
(A)end up (B)hang on (C)happen to be (D)fail to be
18. Cockroaches, like unwelcome visitors, are difficult to \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A)get rid of (B)appeal to (C)come by (D)get in touch with
19. The employer \_\_\_\_\_ the ignorance of the little-educated employees by paying them less money.  
(A)places emphasis on (B)is aware of  
(C)has a right to (D)takes advantage of
20. The political refugees were determined to flee their country \_\_\_\_\_ the danger involved.  
(A)in pursuit of (B)for the purpose of  
(C)regardless of (D)in return for

## 二、綜合測驗 (40%)

說明：第 21 至 40 題，每題一個空格，請依文意選出最適當的一個選項，標示在答案卡上。

### 21-30 題為題組

Democracy, in Abraham Lincoln's words, means a 21 of government of the people, by the people and for the people. In order for democracy to 22, the people must be guaranteed their right to 23 government either directly or indirectly 24.

A democratic way of life 25 that the benefits of society are 26 everyone. Everyone is equal and everyone is granted equal protection 27 that are made by representative of all the people.

28, in order for democracy to work, every person must learn to 29 the rights of others. If we want to make our country rich and strong, we must 30 a democratic way of life and respect our government and leaders.

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|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 21. (A)system       | (B)organization | (C)device            | (D)composition    |
| 22. (A)insist       | (B)resist       | (C)exist             | (D)consist        |
| 23. (A)enroll in    | (B)anticipate   | (C)take part to      | (D)participate in |
| 24. (A)to vote      | (B)by vote      | (C)in vote           | (D)by voting to   |
| 25. (A)contains     | (B)invests      | (C)ensures           | (D)transmits      |
| 26. (A)devoid of    |                 | (B)made available to |                   |
| (C)detrimental to   |                 | (D)eligible for      |                   |
| 27. (A)in laws      | (B)of laws      | (C)by laws           | (D)over laws      |
| 28. (A)Nevertheless | (B)Besides      | (C)Beside            | (D)Except         |
| 29. (A)confine      | (B)abide        | (C)observe           | (D)respect        |
| 30. (A)oppose       | (B)follow       | (C)break             | (D)oppress        |

### 31-40 題為題組

A young man 31 for army service and had to be medically examined. The doctor was sitting at a desk when he went in. He said to the man. " 32 your coat and shirt off, loosen your belt and sit on that chair."

The young man did so. The doctor looked at him 33 a moment without getting up from his chair and then said, "All right, put your clothes 34 again."

"But you haven't examined me at all!" the young man said 35 a troubled voice.

"It isn't necessary," the doctor said 36. "When I told you to take your coat and shirt off, you heard me all right, so you aren't deaf. You saw the chair I pointed to, so your eyesight is good enough for the army. You 37 to take your clothes off and to sit on the chair, so your body must be healthy, and you understand what I told you to do and did it 38 a mistake, so you must 39 enough 40 for the army."

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|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 31. (A)had summoned | (B)was called up | (C)was ambitious  | (D)was celebrated |
| 32. (A)Put          | (B)Give          | (C)Take           | (D)Deprive        |
| 33. (A)for          | (B)over          | (C)in             | (D)about          |
| 34. (A)up           | (B)off           | (C)by             | (D)on             |
| 35. (A)with         | (B)for           | (C)upon           | (D)in             |
| 36. (A)triumphantly | (B)tediously     | (C)impressively   | (D)friendly       |
| 37. (A)considered   | (B)gave thought  | (C)managed        | (D)objected       |
| 38. (A)on making    | (B)without       | (C)and not making | (D)and making not |
| 39. (A)possess      | (B)progress      | (C)process        | (D)profess        |
| 40. (A)intelligence | (B)diligence     | (C)vigilance      | (D)negligence     |

## 三、閱讀測驗 (20%)

說明：第 41 至 50 題，每題請分別根據各篇文章選出最適當的一個選項，標示在答案卡上。

### 41-45 題為題組

It has often been said that dogs are man's best friends. But men appreciate dogs not only for their companionship but also for their economic value, for dogs can be trained to assist man in his daily life.

Take the South American sheep dog, for example, which, without the presence of its master, guards large flocks of sheep far away from the house. It is trained by being separated from its mother shortly after birth and given into the care of a mother sheep, which is taught to nurse and care for the strange little baby. A nest of wool is made for the puppy in the barn, and from that time on the dog has absolutely no contact with other dogs or even with the children of the master's family.

By the time it is an adult it has no desire to leave the flock of sheep and is now completely dedicated to defending them, against thieves who would steal them or against hungry wild dogs or other wild animals which would kill them.

41. This reading mainly deals with \_\_\_\_\_
- (A)how dogs have become man's best friend.  
(B)how sheep learn to follow dogs.  
(C)how sheep are trained to care for puppies.  
(D)how sheep dogs are trained in South America.

42. The sheep dog is trained \_\_\_\_\_  
 (A) to kill wolves.  
 (B) to help its master.  
 (C) to care for the mother sheep especially.  
 (D) to keep the sheep away from the master's house.
43. A mother sheep is chosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 (A) to feed hungry dogs.  
 (B) to guard the flock of younger sheep.  
 (C) to nurse the young puppy.  
 (D) as one of the pets of the master's family.
44. The main purpose of the sheep dog's training is to \_\_\_\_\_  
 (A) give the dog a feeling of loyalty to the sheep.  
 (B) help men kill wild animals.  
 (C) keep it from joining hungry wild dogs.  
 (D) teach mother sheep to nurse puppies.
45. One of the main things South American farmers fear is \_\_\_\_\_  
 (A) packs of hungry sheep dogs.  
 (B) that flocks of sheep may wander too far from the house.  
 (C) that puppies may lose their mothers.  
 (D) the loss of sheep to robbers or wild animals.

**46-50 題為題組**

The sum total of our knowledge is very small compared to the size of our ignorance. Every advance on the frontier of knowledge opens up a great vista of the unknown. The scientist is not happy except when he finds something. Science is an incomplete task just as life is incomplete. He can only be happy because he has the opportunity to continue the search. Fulfillment can never be there so long as knowledge is imperfect.

The search for truth is not a peaceful occupation. The happiest people I have known have not been the men of great worldly achievements or accomplishments or wealth. They have been the simple people who are happily married, enjoying good health and good family life.

I do not think we reach for the stars or moon because we make up our minds to do so, but because we can't help ourselves. Imagination is not an attribute of happiness. A person can be very happy when he knows nothing.

While it is true you can get happiness and peace and serenity from being at the lower end of the ladder, it is also true that you cannot enjoy the ecstasy of achievement. Success in the general sense of the term means the opportunity to experience and to realize to the maximum the forces that are within us.

46. According to the author, the more we learn, \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) the less knowledge we have  
 (B) the more advanced knowledge we have  
 (C) the less advanced knowledge we have  
 (D) the more we find ourselves ignorant
47. According to the author, \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) a scientist is never happy.  
 (B) scientific knowledge is not worth pursuing.  
 (C) a scientist can be happy so long as he can go on pursuing knowledge.  
 (D) all men except scientists can lead a complete life.
48. According to the author, \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) fulfillment is never possible.  
 (B) fulfillment coexists with our imperfect knowledge.  
 (C) fulfillment is always here with us.  
 (D) fulfillment does not live so long as our knowledge.
49. According to the author, \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) we can obtain peace by seeking truth.  
 (B) scientists are all peace-loving people.  
 (C) the happiest people are the simple people.  
 (D) great men are all worldly.
50. By "simple people" the author means those who have \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) great knowledge  
 (B) good occupations  
 (C) good health and happy families  
 (D) great worldly achievements