## 元培科學技術學院

# 九十三學年度第日間部、進修部

## 二年制轉學入學考試

准考證號碼

放射系 醫管系 醫技系 護理系 環衛系 食科系 資管系 企管系 財金系

## 英 文 試 題

意事項 請先在試題卷首	首准考證號碼之方格內均	真上自己的准考證號碼,	考完後將「答案卡」、「試題」一併繳回。
一、文法選擇 (共10題	, 每題 2 分, 共 20 分)		
說明:下列1至10題,	每題均有一個空格,請	於(A)、(B)、(C)、(D)四個	因選項中,選出一個最恰當的答案。
		,	
1. Although he is eighty	years old, Paul can run _	than anybody else.	
(A) more faster	(B) fast	(C) more fast	(D) faster
2. Mary won't make it,	Helen will.		
(A) if	(B) although	(C) because	(D) but
3. John to b	ed when her husband can	ne home.	
(A) went	(B) goes	(C) had already gone	(C) was going
4 very young ch	ildren to write is not nece	essary.	
(A) Having taught	(B) Taught	(C) Teaching	(D) Teaches
5. It is him to say	y such a thing.		
(A) stupid		(C) being stupid of	(D) stupid in
6. If Betty had won an Os	car award, she	rich and famous.	
	(B) would have become		(D) will become
7. Paul, you met i			
	(B) whose	(C) when	(D) which
8. Mary wishes she	her husband about	t losing the money.	
	(B) tells		(D) is telling
9. I am looking forward to		` '	
(A) hear			(D) hearing
` '	` '	` '	s of thinking; otherwise we may not survive.
(A) However	(B) Because	(C) Though	(D) In light of
()	(-)	(0)	(_ / 2
二、字彙及片語 (共 15:	題,毎題2分,共30分	<del>}</del> )	
		,	個選項中,選出一個最恰當的答案。
		Bulls. The word "key" mea	
	(B) unimportant		(D) little
		"doing me a favor" means	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
(A) blaming me	(B) helping me	(C) hitting me	(D) asking me
	. ,	, ,	The phrase "in fashion" means
(A) unfashionable	(B) attractive	(C) trendy	(D) out-of-mind
` '	` '		
			a break. The phrase "take a break" means
(A) a rest	(B) work	(C) quit her job	(D) study
			ord "informative" means
(A) well-written	(B) explanatory	(C) concise	(D) short
			ory. The word "genius" means
(A) idiot	(B) average	(C) talented	(D) normal

背面有試題

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17.	is a type of behavior that is considered a violation	on of good manners.	
		C) Diligence	(D) Taboo
18.	The professor's comment on Paul's report is very concise	and constructive. The	e word "constructive" means
		C) negative	(D) helpful
19.	John is very aggressive in his pursuit of academic goals.	The word "aggressive	" means
		C) lazy	(D) careful
20.	When you enter a dark room, you must the	light.	
		(C) avoid	(D) get away
21.	A hardworking student usually pays attention to the teacher	's lectures in class. The p	phrase "pays attention to" means
		C) day-dreaming	(D) carelessly
22.	Dinosaurs are probably the most famous example of an e	xtinct species. The wo	rd "extinct" means
		(C) threatened	(D) precious
23.	A snowstorm in summer might be considered as an unusu	al phenomenon. The	word "phenomenon" means
		(C) substance	(D) expression
24.	The process by which we store and <u>retrieve</u> information	in our brains has been	the focus of scientific research for many
	years. The word "retrieve" means		
		(C) get	(D) analyze
25.	One can use a dictionary to the meaning an	nd definition of a word	or phrase.
		(C) look up	(D) look up to
Ξ	、文意測驗(共10題,每題2分,共20分)		
說	明:下列 26 至 35 題,每題均有一個空格,請於(A)、(	B)、(C)、(D)四個選巧	頁中,選出一個最恰當的答案。
26.	John: What are you reading?		
	Helen: It's a book on the history of Greece.		
	Question: What is Helen's book mostly about?		
	(A) The important events of ancient Greece.	(B) The geography	of ancient Greece.
	(C) Ancient Greek poetry.	(D) Ancient Greek	fashion.
27.	Paul: How is your foot? Is it getting better?		
	Mary: It's a little better, but I'm going to see a specialist to	omorrow.	
	Question: What is Mary going to do tomorrow?		
	(A) See a special place in the city.	(B) See a doctor w	ho knows about feet.
	(C) Look for a name on a special list.	(D) Ask Paul to do	something for her.
28.	Peter: Have you seen Mary lately?		
	Amy: Yes, I ran into her in a department store yesterday.		
	Question: What does Amy mean?		
	(A) She had a date with Mary.	(B) She hit Mary v	with her car.
	(C) She met Mary accidentally.	(D) She didn't see	Mary yesterday.
29.	Joe: I'm sorry. I haven't finished the report yet.		
	Louise: Well, you'd better speed up.		
	Question: What does Louise want Joe to do?		
	(A) Work faster.	(B) Stop working.	
	(C) Go away.	(D) Drive faster.	
30.	Andy: I'm hungry.		
	Helen: Me, too.		
	Andy: Let's go out and get some food.		
	Helen: OK, but I have to finish this first.		
	Andy: Do you have much more to do?		
	Helen: I'm more or less finished. Just a minute.		
	Question: What does Helen mean?		
	(A) She is almost finished.	(B) She has a lot n	nore to do.
	(C) She will buy Andy dinner.	(D) She is not hun	gry.

31. Simon: I have a problem. Sophie: What's that? Simon: I call my girlfriend all the time, and it seems like she doesn't want me to. Sophie: Maybe you give her too much pressure. Simon: But it's a way of showing my love for her. Sophie: It's probably why your girlfriends always leave you. Question: Why do Simon's girlfriends always leave him? (B) Because Simon is under pressure. (A) Because Simon never leaves his girlfriends alone. (D) Because Simon never calls his girlfriends. (C) Because Simon's girlfriends have problems. 32. Frank: How was the movie last night? Ida: Good and bad. Frank: What do you mean? Ida: Well, the movie itself was great, but the wait was terrible. Frank: How long did you have to wait? Ida: We stood in line for an hour and a half. Question: What was Ida unhappy about? (A) The great movie. (B) Frank waiting for her. (D) Standing to watch the movie. (C) Waiting in line for the movie. 33. Steve: I'm planning to make dinner tonight. Sue: Really? Sounds good. Steve: I will be making salad and hamburgers. Sue: Have you started? Steve: So far, I've just made the salad. Sue: I can help you with the burgers. Question: What does Steve mean? (A) Everything is ready for dinner. (B) He is going to make salad. (D) Sue should make burgers. (C) He hasn't made the hamburgers yet. 34. Stephen: What are you doing? Susan: I'm trying to fix my computer. Stephen: What's wrong? Susan: It keeps crashing on me. Stephen: Well, you know, it is pretty old! Susan: Not to mention useless. Question: What does Susan think about her computer? (B) Stephen should fix it. (A) It doesn't need to be fixed. (D) It is old and useless. (C) It doesn't have any problems. 35. Peter: Hi, Mary. How are you doing? Mary: Not good. I've had a cold for five weeks. Peter: That's a long time for a cold. Mary: I've been feeling weak since I started working late. Peter: Well, you should take a vacation. Mary: Don't worry. I will. Question: What has happened since Mary started working late? (A) She has become lazy. (B) She has developed health problems. (C) She has made more money. (D) She should take a break. 四、短文閱讀(共十題,每題2分,共20分) 說明:下列兩段短文中,從 36 至 45 題,每題均有(A)、(B)、(C)、(D)四個選項,請依文章內容,選出一個最恰當的答案。 The first E-mail was sent in the late 1960s, and the technology has 36 over the years so that now it is used by friends, students, professors, and businessmen. Sending messages 37 E-mail is both cheaper and faster than 38 the postal system. For this reason, E-mail 39 continues to rise as more and more people get access to computers. Teenagers use

Instant Messages to chat online with their friends. Professors use E-mail to correspond 40 other members of the faculty and with students. Businessmen use E-mail to send messages to workers both inside and outside of the company.

36. (A) grow	(B) grown	(C) grew	(D) grows
37. (A) via	(B) over	(C) from	(D) to
38. (A) use	(B) used	(C) using	(D) is using
39. (A) usage	(B) using	(C) used	(D) is used
40. (A) at	(B) for	(C) by	(D) with

Sigmund Freud became \_\_41\_\_ how people think and talk while he was studying to be a doctor. He tried to help people by letting them \_\_42\_\_ about their past. Through his work, Freud realized that unconscious thoughts from a person's past could affect the person's actions. These unconscious thoughts could also \_\_43\_\_ in a person's dreams. These images in a person's dream might be real images \_\_44\_\_ the person's past. Or the image might be a symbol of a person or thing from the person's life. Not all researchers \_\_45\_\_ with Freud's theories. Some people thought that dreams had no real function in the brain. Others thought that dreams helped to clean and relax the brain.

41. (A) interesting in	(B) interest in	(C) interested in	(D) interest
42. (A) dream	(B) dreaming	(C) dreamt	(D) dreamed
43. (A) show down	(B) show from	(C) show by	(D) show up
44. (A) in	(B) by	(C) from	(D) out
45. (A) agreed	(B) agrees	(C) were agreed	(D) are agreed

### 五、閱讀測驗 (共5題、每題2分,共10分)

說明:下列兩段短文中,從46至50題,每題均有(A)、(B)、(C)、(D)四個選項,請依文章內容,選出一個最恰當的答案。

In view of recent terrorist attacks in other parts of the world, all staff are reminded that they must follow security regulations when they are in this part of the airport. You must wear your photographic I.D. card at all times. In addition, all bags and cars must be checked when you enter and leave the complex. New camera systems have been installed in all buildings. They are linked to the security center and will greatly improve the safety and security of your work environment. Finally, all visitors should report to the security center on arrival where they will be issued with a temporary I.D. pass. Thank you for your cooperation.

- 46. What is this passage about?
  - (A) To encourage terrorists
  - (C) To annoy the staff
- 47. What must staff do at all times?
  - (A) To wear their photographic I.D. card
  - (C) To carry a bag
- 48. New security cameras have been installed to:
  - (A) Make people happy
  - (C) Force people to work longer hours
- 49. What must visitors do when they arrive?
  - (A) Walk around by themselves
  - (C) Report to the security center
- 50. Where do the new camera systems connect to?
  - (A) The security center
  - (C) Security regulations

- (B) To remind staff about security requirements
- (D) To wear a temporary I.D.
- (B) To talk to a security officer
- (D) To look at a security camera
- (B) Improve safety and security
- (D) Report to the security center
- (B) Ask for directions
- (D) Look for their bags
- (B) The buildings
- (D) Service Desk